THORN DEFENSE WILL ACCUSE HER OF GRAVE OFFENSES.

WILL SHE BE PUT ON STAND?

PROSECUTION REPUSES TO AN-NOUNCE ITS TRIAL POLICY.

Jury in the Thorn Case Secured and His Trial for the Murder of William Guldensuppe Fairly Started Yesterday Afternoon.

New Fork, Nov. 23.-The second trial of Martin Thorn for the murder of William Guidensuppe was fairly started this after-noon in the Queens county court. The law-yers for the prosecution and defense dili-gently endeavored to secure a jury as quickly as possible, and when an adjournment was taken yesterday evening seven jurors had been sworn. An additional panel of fifty was made up yesterday and from these and the remainder of the first special panel of talesmen, the other five jurors were selected before I o'clock to-day. As soon as the jury was completed, an adjournment for luncheon was ordered by the court, after which District Attorney Youngs opened the case for the prosecution. As soon as he had finished talking, the taking of evidence was begun.

To-morrow the coroner's jury and his deputy will be called to the stand and it is quite probable that Gotha, Clark and others, who say that Thorn made confessions to them, may also be examined. Mrs. Nack may also be called, but when a re-Nack may also be called, but when a reporter of the Associated Press asked the district attorney this evening whether there was any significance in the fact that he had not spoken of Mrs. Nack as a witness in his opening address, and if she would or would not be a witness during the second trial, Mr. Youngs replied: "I cannot answer those questions at this stage."

The lawyers for the defense, however, are quite positive that the woman will be a witness, and they are prepared to make it very warm for her during her cross-examination. That they will put Thorn on the standtore-

That they will put Thorn on the stand to refute Mrs. Nack's testimony and swear that it was she who committed the murder is now beyond all doubt.

Mr. Howe's questions to the talesmen when they were examined showed the line of defense he meant to adopt. In addition to Thorn's testimony, it is said on good authority that the defense will produce witnesses who will accuse Mrs. Nack of having committed serious offenses, the nature of which will not be disclosed by Thorn's counsel until it is made public property in-

SHOT HIS WIFE AND FRIEND. Railway Conductor Protects the

Sanctity of His Home With a Revolver.

Ordway is to-day lying in the hospital here, suffering from two bullet wounds in her In a bed in an adjoining ward is Frank Dixon. Both were brought to the hospital last night by Edward Ordway, bleeding profusely from wounds which he had inflicted upon them. Mrs. Ordway may recover. Dixon will probably die.

Dixon has been paying pronounced attention to Mrs. Ordway. He had been crdered away from the house on several occasions. Last night Ordway, who is a conductor on the Eric railway, returned home when he was not expected. As he entered the room he saw Dixon, and at once drew a revolver. He fired three shots in all. One hit Dixon in the side, the other two struck Mrs. Ordway in the leg. Ordway then went to the barn, hitched up a team of horses, put his wife and Dixon in the wagon and drove them to the hospital. Mrs. Ordway was bleeding profusely when she arrived at the hospital. Dixon was unconscious from loss of blood. After taking the two to the hospital Ordway drove home. He then put up the horses, locked the barn and went around to the police station and gave himself up. hospital last night by Edward Ordway,

NEWTON BOOTLEGGERS.

Member of the Methodist Church and Two Others Arrested There Yesterday.

Newton, Kas., Nov. 23.-(Special.) Quite sensation was caused in this city to-day y the arrest of David Scott on the charge of bootlegging. Scott is a harnessmaker. He is a member of the Methodist church and has attended services regularly. The officers have been aware for some time that there has been a great deal of bootlegging going on, but were unable to locate the parties. It was noticed a few days ago that a number of men visited Scott's house reguparties. It was noticed a few days ago that a number of men visited Scott's house regularly, and were seen afterward in an intoxicated condition. He was watched and two men were seen to leave his house and were then seen selling liquor in the alleys. His house was raided and a five gallon keg of whisky was found and also several bottles. Two other men, Dave Foltz and John Lee, were arrested at the same time. It seems that Scott kept the house and the other men went on the streets with bottles of whisky and sold them to regular patrons. All the men were taken to jall. Foltz and Lee are strangers in the city and will not be able to furnish bond, while it is thought that Scott will. The officers intimate that more arrests are soon to foliow.

TEXAS TRAIN ROBBERS FOILED.

Made a Fruitless Effort to Hold Up r Rio Grande Train Near Dublin Yesterday.

Dublin, Tex., Nov. 23.-When the regular west bound passenger train on the Rio Grande railroad reached a point about three miles west, in a deep cut, the engineer discovered the track to be obstructed by a pile of rock about three teet high. The engineer reversed his engine and started to back to this city. As the train slowed up, four robbers surrounded the train and ordered all hands up, but seeing the train move backward, they opened fire on the engineer, who crouched behind the boiler to avoid the bullets. Many shots were fired, but no one was hurt. Mr O. H. Weissinger, a traveling man from Waco, who was a passenger, said that considerable excitement prevailed among the passengers. All made frantic efforts to conceal their valuables, Most of the passengers consisted of delegates returning from the Mathodist conventice at Weatherford. The robbers wore no masks. A posse was organized and conveyed to the scene at once. The crowd showed their appreciation of the engineer's bravery in a substantial manner. The country at the spot selected for the holdup is rough, with very little timber. gineer discovered the track to be obstruct-

FOR JOSEPH NEW'S MURDER. The Widow Bound Over for Trial and

Her Alleged Paramour Will Be.

Eureka, Kas., Nov. 23.-(Special.) Mrs. Amelia New, charged with complicity in the murder of her husband, Joseph New, Jr., near here, on October 31, was arraigned before Justice Reich to-day. She waived peciore Justice Reich to-day. She waived preliminary examination and was bound over for trial at the January term of the district court. The preliminary hearing of George H. Dobbs, charged with the same crime, was begun to-day and is still pending. Sufficient evidence has already been introduced to insure his being bound over for trial. A number of witnesses testified to intimacy between Dobbs and Mrs. New both before and after the murder was committed. Others testified that Dobbs bortsweet a shoigun on the evening of the murder and of finding footprints from a man's boot, supposed to be that of Dobbs along. der and of finding footprints from a man's boot, supposed to be that of Dobbs, along with Mrs. New's, in the direction which she took to go to a maghbor's house immediately after the murder. John T. Harding, of Nevada, Mo., is assisting James Shuitz, of this city, in defending Dobbs, L. L. Davis, of this city, is engaged to assist County Attorney Johnson in the prosecution.

Federal Official a Defaulter. Evansville, Ind., Nov. 22.—Marshal A. Cook, deputy collector of the port of Evansville, is a defaulter to the extent of 85.36. He has spent the money, and his superior, George W. Haynle, will be the loser. Cook confessed his guilt in a letter

to Mr. Haynie. Cook has skipped, and is known to have gone South. He left be-hind him a wife and two little children.

PROMINENT PHYSICIAN'S TRIAL

Galena, Ili., Nov. 23.-What promises to

Charged With Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses by Maipractice.

be one of the most sensational cases brought for trial before the Jo Davies county circuit court for many years opened here this morning. The defendants are Drs Vaughan and Sheldon, two prominent physicians of Lee county, who are held under criminal indictment on the accusation of obtaining money under false pretenses by malpractice. The change of venue from Dixon, the county seat of Lee county, to Galena, was granted on account of alleged prejudicial articles in the Lee counly papers. Briefly stated, the case is as follows: Drs. Vaughan, of Dixon, and Shedon, of Ashton, were called to attend a Mrs. Emory, whose case they diagnosed as appendicitis, and performed an operation for that trouble, collecting the fee allowable in such cases. The patient recovered, but a second illness, necessitating another operation, brought to light the fact that the patient had not undergone any previous operation for appendicitis, and the result was the criminal prosecution of the two surgeons named, on the charge of trying to obtain money under false pretenses. The most talented attorneys of. Northern Illinois are represented in the case, and Dr. Nicholas Senn, of Chicago, will be one of the expert witnesses. ty papers. Briefly stated, the case is as

FRANK NOVAK CONVICTED. Iowan Who Fled to the Klondike

Found Guilty of Murder in

Second Degree. Vinton, Ia., Nov. 23 .- The jury in the case of Frank Novak, charged with killing his recommate, Murray, and afterward setting fire to the house in which they lived, tonight returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. Novak disappeared after the crime was committed and eluded capture for several years. Last summer he

attention from the attorneys of either side.

COULD NOT BEAR IT.

The Disgrace of His Father Drives James Charnley, Jr., to Suicide.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 22.—The body of the young man who registered at the Hotel Pfister on Saturday night has been identified as that of James Charnley, Jr., son of Charles M. Charnley, defaulting treasurer of the Presbyterian board of aid for colleges and acadamies. Grief and charring over the disgrace of his father added to discouragement from sickness and lack of work drove him to suicide. It was lest summer that his father disappeared with some \$50,000 of the funds of the board. The sister and brother of young Charnley, both of whom are out of the city, were notified at once of this second disaster, which comes with crushing weight as the son had assumed the place at the head of the family which his father had so recently left vacant. fied as that of James Charnley, Jr., son of Port Jervis, N. Y., Nov. 23,-Mrs. Edward

FOR A SEXTUPLE MURDER. Mulberry, Ark., Marshal Captures Man Wanted for Slaying a

California Family. Van Buren, Ark., Nov. 23.—City Marshal Charles Wells, of Mulberry, Ark., made what is thought to be an important arrest to-day when he captured J. C. Dunham, to day when he captured J. C. Dunham, alias James Buford, wanted in Santa Clara county, Cal., for the murder of Colonel and Mrs. R. P. McGliney, Mrs. Hattie Dunham, Miss Minnie Schessler, J. K. Wells and B. A. Heiscoe on May 25, 1896. The crime was committed for the purpose of robbery, and owing to the prominence of the families, a reward of \$11,000 has been offered for the arrest and conviction of Dunham and his pals. J. H. Linton, sheriff of Santa Clara county, was ntified and wired instructions to Marshal Wells to hold Dunham till complete identification papers could be forwarded from California.

LIFE PRISONER PARDONED. G. W. Gregson, Sent Up From Par-

sons, Kas., for Murder, Set Free by Governor Leedy.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 23.-(Special.) George W. Gregson, a life prisoner was pardoned to-day by the governor. Gregson killed Adam W. Collins in a drunken fight in the Grand Central hotel at Parsons, in No-Grand Central hotel at Parsons, in No-vember, 1885. He was convicted of murder in the first degree by the Labette county district court the following February and was sent up for life. Gregson claimed that he shot in self-defense, but that the jury was made up principally of ex-Union sold-lers and he was convicted because he was an ex-Confederate soldier. Upon this state-ment of the case, Governor Leedy decided to pardon him and the papers were made out and sent to the penitentiary for his release.

MRS. RUDD ARRAIGNED.

dmiral's Widow Admits She Stole, but Saya She Cannot Tell Why.

New York, Nov. 22 .- Emiline H. Rudd, widow of Commodore John Rudd, U. S. N. vas arraigned in court at New Brighton S. I., to-day, to answer to the accusation of stealing a quantity of jewelry from a house in which she had boarded recenty.

Mrs. Rudd admitted that she had taken the property, but said that she could not tell why she had done so. She said she would make good the value of the property taken if the complainant would not prosecute her. She was committed for further examination to-morrow.

Mrs. Rudd is about 55 years of age and dressed well. Her daughters are the wives of British fiaval officers. S. L. to-day, to answer to the accusation

Pocketknife Too Small.

Ardmore, I. T., Nov. 23.—Charles Rinnard, who attempted to kill his cousin, May Reese, by cutting her throat with a pecketknife because she refused to marry him, and afterward cut his own throat was brought into court this morning and plead guilty to a charge of assault with intent to kill. The wound in his throat is already healed. Miss Reese has also recovered and was present to testife are well. ered and was present to testify against him. Sentence has not yet been pro-

McKenzie Jury Still Out.

Jefferson City. Mo., Nov. 22.—(Special.) The jury in the McKenzle case did not agree on a verdlet to-day and Judge Shack-leferd adjourned court until 9 o'clock to-merrow. There is much indignation here at the action of the jury, because it is a plain case, there being no evidence for the defense. defense.

Mutilated by Tramps.

Caruthersville, Mo., Nov. 23.—James Scott living ten miles from here, was accosted by two trumps early this morning. They selzed and bound him, and then, despite his entreaties, horribly mutilated him. After ransacking his pockets, they escaped. Scott is in a serious condition.

Wife Murder and Snicide.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 23.—Frank Kueton, a Bohemian shoemaker, to-night shot and killed his wife and then blew his own brains out. He was fealous of his wife and had frequently threatened her life because she permitted the attentions of other men. Lawrence O. M. B. Cases. Lawrence, Kas., Nov. 22.—(Special.) In the trial of the remaining cases against the O. M. B. officials for selling whisky, a special panel of thirty additional jurors had to be made, making the third panel this term of court on account of these cases.

cases. Oklahoma City Bank to Quit. Oklahoma City Bank to unit.

Oklahoma City, O. T., Nov. 23.—(Special.)
The First National bank of this city will
go into voluntary liquidation December 4,
turning most of its business over to the
State National. It is the oldest and strongest bank here and the step is taken by the
owner, George Reynolds, of Albany, Tex.,
to use his money elsewhere. The bank has
a capital of \$50,000 and the last statement
showed \$208,000 deposits.

NATIONAL CHAIRMAN W. D. BYNUM ISSUES AN ADDRESS.

REVIEWS THE LATE ELECTION.

WISE DISCOURAGING. Democratic Vote Increased

Mearly Everywhere, While Silver Vote Fell Off-Sound Money Men Urged to Stand Firm.

New York, Nov. 23 .- W. D. Bynum, chairman of the National Democratic committee, to-day issued the following address: "To the National Democracy:-The results of the recent election were in no wise discouraging to the success of the

principles for which the National Democratic party has been battling. The silver organizations lost the states of Ohio and Maryland, with legislatures which will choose United States senators. In Kentucky, the silver candidate had a majority of only 123, with 80,000 electors, a majority of whom were unquestionably for sound money, not voting. The National Demo-eratic vote of the state was twice as large as it was last year, while the loss in the

free silver vote was 40,000. "In Iowa, the Democratic sound money vote was doubled, notwithstanding the silver candidate abandoned that issue and pleaded for support on state matters. The sound money vote in both Kentucky and lowa would undoubtedly have been much larger had it not been for the fact that the names of all the local candidates for county officers appeared on the ballots unfree silver state tickets and emblems, thereby compelling sound money electors to scratch their tickets or vote the free silver state ticket, in order to vote for local officers.

"In Massachusetts, our vote was increased 25 per cent, while that of the free silver candidate was reduced in the same "In Nebraska, the free silver majority

was reduced, while South Dakota deserted the cause. "The effort of the National Democratic organization last year was to aid in saving the credit of the nation from dishonor; its mussion in the future will be, if possible, to preserve the true principles of Democracy until judgment and reason shall again dominate the councils of the party and its ancient creed be restored to its platform.

Then, and not till then, will the work of the National Democratic party be accomplished and its organization cease to be an independent one.

independent one.
"The firmer the convictions and the bold-"The firmer the convictions and the bolder the courage of National Democrats, the scener will the country be freed from the biething influence of impending disaster.
"No compromise with dishonor, no surrender of principle to expediency, is the shibboleth of the National Democracy, and each and every member of the party should stand by his convictions and redouble his efforts to uphold the principles he believes to be indispensable to the preservation of the rights and properties of the people."

ROYAL STANDARD A "RINGER."

One of the Prominent Winners at the Chicago Horse Show Not Eligible to Entry.

Chicago, Nov. 23.-Royal Standard, the grand champion coach stamon of the Chi-cago Horse show, has been declared a "ringer," and his owners, Graham Bros. of Claremont, Ont., have been ordered to of Claremont, Ont., have been ordered to return the trophies of the victories as awarded by the judges. It has been found that the stallion is an imported halfbreed, not registered nor registerable in Amer-ica. The state board is withholding money won by Graham Bros.' draft stallion, Young McQueen, and the hackney, Cour-ler, until these trophies shall have been returned. Royal Standard was adjudged the win-

ner of the first prize in the class for hack-ney stallions 3 years old and over. He then won the hackney championship, and, entering the lists in the coach horse championships, won in the class for stallions, any age or breed. This gave him the right to show for the grand chaicenge cup, and there he won again.

It is now more than likely, Secretary Garrard says, that the board will deal severely with the exhibitors of the horse, if it can be proved that they were fully nware of his ineligibility, and also with the Horse show official who may be shown to have been in fault.

MOUSE IN THE BREAD.

Nathan Platkin Is Disagreeably Surprised and Has Sued the Baker.

New York, Nov. 23.-Nathan Platkin, of Brownsville, Brooklyn, bought a loaf of bread from Baker Moses Loenthal and sat down to eat dinner, of which the loaf was a part. In Brownsville they don't cut the bread up in slices, but tear off a piece and eat it without ceremony.

Nathan and his family surrounded the ta-

ble on which their frugal fare was laid out, and he picked up the loaf, tore off a piece and then passed it on to his wife He bit into the piece, and as he did so he turned pale, and, holding the bread off at arm's length, cried aloud in alarm. His wife screamed when she looked at the piece her husband held, and the children joined in the chorus. There, half hanging out of the piece of bread which Nathan held in his hands, was a little mouse. He had bitten off its head in biting the bread.

Nathan became ill, and as he jumped up from the table to run out in the kitchen he upset the table and broke a number of dishes. When he recovered he went around to Loenthal's store and told the latter about the mouse and what had happened.

"The least you can do is to pay for the dishes," said Nathan.

"Neffer," shouted Moses. "Vat you take me for? You shouldn't mind a trifle like dat. Other people don't kick at a little thing like dat."

But Nathan insisted and has brought suit for the value of the dishes." turned pale, and, holding the bread off at

Three Hundred Miners Strike.

But Nathan insisted and has brought suit for the value of the dishes.

Brazil, Ind., Nov. 23.—The Crawford Coal Company employed two non-union men and sent them to one of their mines to-day, but before the men could be lowered into the pit the 300 men employed there quit work. General Managor W. W. Risher ordered the mine closed down. This likely com-mences a bitter fight between the operators and miners.

Message Practically Completed. Washington, Nov. 22.—The cabinet held a very short meeting to-day. President Mc-Kinley informed the cabinet that his message was practically completed, but he did not read any portion of it to them. It is probable that the message will be considered at the next meeting.

We Own More and Sell More Of It Than Any Other Firm on Earth.

WHAT DOES O. F. C. MEAN?"

In Whiskies it is the name of the best whiskey in the world, and has always been

IF YOU GET IT FROM MORRIN-POWERS MER, CO, IT'S STRAIGHT.

EXCLUSIVE WHOLESALE AGENTS.

704 DELAWARE ST

THE LOVERING COURT-MARTIAL Private Charles Hammond Proves

Good Witness Against the Accused Officer.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 23.-Private Charles Hammond was the principal witness in the Lovering court-martial to-day, and proved himself entirely capable of holding his own with the attorneys who are acting for Captain Lovering. He gave damaging evilence against Lovering, and could not be made to contradict himself on the stand SAYS THE RESULTS WERE IN NOnor was he at any time confused by the sharp cross-examination to which he was subjected.

Questions relating to his personal history before he entered the army he quietly refused to answer, because, he said, "they have no bearing on this case." Hammond in his evidence nearly doubled the number of sword thrusts mentioned by preceding witnesses, and then proved his evidence by showing the scars.

Judge Advocate Hunter's first question to Hammond was:

"Have the articles of war ever been read in your presence."

n your presence?"
"Yes, I have heard them," replied Ham-

in your presence."

"Yes, I have heard them," replied Hammond.

"What orders did you receive on the morning of October 9, and relate what followed." was the next question.

"I was told that I was wanted at the summary courtroom, but I said that I would not go, and after that message had been repeated to Captain Lovering, he came to my cell and told me to get out and walk. He gave the order yank that man out when I again refused, and as I was part way out of my cell door, he prodded me twice with his sword and then stepped past me into the cell and kicked me in the shoulders. He stepped over me as I lay on the floor and gave me two more prods in the left side. He also gave me another order to walk, but I did not answer. Then the rope was tied upon my feet and I was dragged over the curbs, sidewalks and road and up and down the steps, until I reached the courtroom in the adjutant's office."

"When you refused to walk to the court did any one ask you for your reasons?" was the next query of the court.

"Members of the guard asked me," replied Hammond, "and I told them I thought I ought to be tried for the first offense before I was tried for the second. The first offense was that of leaving my barracks at plattsburg. N. Y., without leave."

"It has been said that while you were being dragged an order for double time was given. Is that true?" asked Colonel Hunter.

"Yes, sir," said Hammond, "Captain Lov-

Hunter.
"Yes, sir," said Hammond, "Captain Lov-ering told the men to 'double time;" but they were unable to comply with the or-doe." der."
The witness was then given to Attorney Blair for cross-examination.
The prosecution has but one more witness to call, Post Surgeon Lippincott, and then the attorneys for the defense will be given precedence. Captain Lovering is expected to take the witness stand and has two witnesses. Whiting and Sipple, both of whom are general convicts in confinement at the post prison.

WOMEN IN POSTAL SERVICE. Assistant Postmaster General Heath

Furnishes Germany With Some Interesting Facts. Washington, Nov. 23.—First Assistant Postmaster General Heath has transmitted

to the postal administration of the German government a comprehensive report ernment service. He states that there are 71,022 postoffices in the United States, at each of which there are several employes, who lawfully may be either men or women. Postmasters at third and fourth class offices select their employes without consulting the department, and it is accordingly impossible to give the exact number of women employed in the postal service. There are, however, 7.670 women postmasters, and perhaps 80,000 women to whom the oath of office has been administered to qualify them to assist in conducting the business of the postoffice. each of which there are several employes,

business of the postoffice.

There are 167 women employed in the postoffice department proper. Women, the report says, are employed in all branches of the postal service except as letter carriers, clerks in the railway mail service and postoffice inspectors. They are not debarred by rule or regulation from entering any branch of the service. In fact, there are postoffices in the United States at which there are none but women employed. The same salary is paid them as to men for the same character of work. In the postoffice department salaries now paid to women vary from \$240 to \$1.500 per annum, according to service performed, though there is no rule preventing them from receiving more than that, and as postmaster or assistant they sometimes receive much larger salaries. Some of the most faithful and efficient employes in the postal service are women.

Continuing, the report says it has been a mooted question for many years with the beads of the executive departments where of the postal service except as letter car-

mooted question for many years with the heads of the executive departments whether women can render as good general service as men, because the latter may be transferable at all times to any position, whereas women may be confronted with duties in a sense indelicate or which require too much manual labor. But it is seldom that duties devolve on any clerk or officer which cannot be properly performed by women.

omicer which cannot be properly performed by women.

The conclusion of the department is that, altogether, the services of women have proven nearly if not quite as satisfactory as those of men. The report is based on a request of the German government as to what has been the general experience of the government with women employes.

BIG GAMBLING SYNDICATE. Scheme of Pacific Coast Sports to

Reap a Rich Harvest in the Klondike. Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 23 .- San Francisco and Puget Sound gamblers are preparing to reap a Klondike harvest on a scale

scarcely less extensive than the big trans portation companies.

portation companies.

Joe Harvey, Billy Dormer and David Argyle, of San Francisco, are backing a project to open hotels and conduct gambling and liquor saloons along the route from St. Michael's to Dawson and at Dyea, Wrangel and Juneau. Many thousands of dollars have been subscribed and at San Francisco the plans have been prepared for a river steamer, which is intended to operate between St. Michael's and Dawson.

operate between St. Michael's and Dawson.

Joe Harvey backed five gamblers, who started for Dawson this fall. They got no further than Rampart City and returned with \$10,000 in gold. To make certain of reaching Dawson next time, one party of five, headed by Dave Argyle, will start over the Chilkoot pass in February. Another party will go to St. Michael's on the first steamer.

The syndicate expects to clean up \$500,000 next year. A Tacoma gambler returned next year. A Tacoma gambler returned last night from San Francisco with in-structions from Harvey to go to the south-castern Alaska towns and secure locations

AN AGED DEPUTY MARSHAL Major W. E. Hardy, a Halfbreed Kaw of 83, to Be One of Thompson's Aldes.

Kaw, O. T., Nov. 23.—(Special.) Major W. E. Hardy, treasurer of the Kaw or Kansas tribe of Indians, has just received his commission from United States Marshal commission from United States Marshal Thompson as chief deputy for the reservation. Mr. Hardy is one of the most remarkable men in the West. He is small of stature, very active and has no appearance of the Indian. At first glance one would put him down as a prosperous white business man of 40 or 45. He was born, however, in Quebec, in 1814, and is at present 83 years of age. His father belonged to the aristocratic Hardy family of Quebec, and his mother was a Blackfoot Indian. He was highly educated in Quebec, but when a young man went to St. Louis and then to the far Northwest as a representative of the American Fur Company. Later he sought out his Indian relatives and adoped their mode of life. He became a full-fledged Indian, dressed in breechclout and blanket, fought the whites and scalped his enemies. He married into the Kaw tribe and became a leader and took an active part in the Indian war at Council Grove, Kas., in 1867, when the Cheyennes and Kaws did bloody battle. Major Hardy is the father of twenty-three children, and by marriage is an uncle of Congressman Charles Curtis, of Kansas.

Oklahoma Cotton for the World. Guthrie, O. T., Nov. 23.—(Special.) A trainload of cotton was shipped direct from this city to Liverpool a few days ago, and the El Reno cotton compress is compressing a special order for Cyba, Japan, this week. They also have orders for large shipments from Brama, India, and Liverpool, England. Oklahoma mills are also shipping flour to South and Central America and Mexico in large consignments.

Milan Again After a Divorce. Prague, Bohemia, Nov. 22—A newspaper of this city says that ex-King Milan, of Servia is again seeking to divorce his wife. Natalie, in order that he marry Artemisia Christie, the divorced wife of his former secretary, and by whom the former king has a son.

CHICAGOAN SAYS HE HAS SOLVED THE ALCHEMISTS' RIDDLE.

ANTIMONY THE RAW MATERIAL

EXPECTS TO PRODUCE BRICKS WORTH \$13,400 NEXT SATURDAY.

Process Requires Four Days and Intense Heat Is a Prominent Feature of It-Inventor Has Worked 20 Years on His Scheme.

Chicago, Nov. 23 .- If the predictions of E. C. Brice and those associated with him in the National Metallurgical Company are verified he will; on Saturday next have demonstrated that he has solved the alchemist's riddle and holds in his hands the secret of transmuting the baser metals into pure gold.

Yesterday at the company's plant, Thirtyninth street and Lowe avenue, the process was begun which is expected to result on Saturday in a harvest of \$12,400 worth of gold 1,000 fine from an original product of antimony and lead worth only \$150. The cost of the labor engaged in the work will bring the entire cost of the process up to The distinctive feature of the process is

the destructive distillation of the metal antimony by intensely heated atmospheric oxygen. The crude metal is first subjected to an intense heat, then antimony is carried through a tunnel 165 feet in length into a series of iron pines 600 feet long, and ejected into a steel building provided with bags for collecting the resultant oxide, which is collected on a cloth with the nap on the inside. The product is shaken into receiving bags, molded into blocks, and then submitted to a temperature of 5,000 degrees Fahrenheit for forty-eight hours. then comes the smelting or refining process, which lasts sixteen hours, from which re-sults the gold and silver to the amount of \$2,680 a ton. The process requires four days

Mr. Brice, who is a metallurgical chemist has devoted many years to the study of this problem and says the present process is no experiment, as he has conclusively proved on a smaller scale the success of his theory. The plant cost \$25,000. According to one of Mr. Brice's acquaint-

nces, it is now twenty years since Mr. Brice, who is now 38 years old, became weary of the old methods of getting gold and began to look for some way to man-ufacture it. After much study he was struck with the fact that antimony always contains minute quantities of silver and gold. From that fact he struck out the gold. From that fact he struck out the theory that antimony was the result of an arrested process, and that if the process could be discovered and resumed the antimony would all turn to silver and gold.

Mr. Brice hit on his theory by accident. He was in Washington in 1879, and had a little laboratory in which he was trying all sorts of metallurgical experiments. On one occasion some melted antimony was spilled on the furnace grate, and, after being there a day or two, was examined and spilled on the furnace grate, and, after being there a day or two, was examined and found to contain more gold than in a natural state. This suggested the theory that it was heat that would convert antimony into gold, and that probably volcanic heat

Into gold, and that probably volcanic heat was necessary.

Mr. Brice became so possessed with this idea that he went to Italy to study volcanic heat at the crater of Vesuvius. Having satisfied himself that volcanic heat was 5,000 or 6,000 degrees, he came back to Washington, invented and patented a furnace which would produce volcanic heat and resumed his experiments. He satisfied himself that he was on the right track, but three years ago his factory was burned and he transferred his field of operations to Chicago.

In this city Mr. Brice had a small fac-

and he transferred his field of operations to Chicago.

In this city Mr. Brice had a small factory at Wentworth avenue and Fortieth street, which, according to all accounts, turned antimony into gold. But the plant was not large enough, so the National Metallurgical Company was organized, the stock being divided into 7,500 shares at par value of \$10 a share.

The company leased some plain factory buildings at the southwest corner of Lowe avenue and Thirty-ninth street, one block west of Wallace street, and turned them into the gold factory plant, which started up yesterday morning. Mr. Brice, wearing a blue jeans jacket and overalls and a face expressive of honesty and cheerfulness, had to be dragged out of his arcanum to be interviewed concerning his work.

For fear somebody might corner the antimony market the company has beught a mountain of it out in Utah, and now has ten teams hauling it to the depot to be shipped to the gold factory in Chicago. Mr. Brice says that it costs the company laid down in the factory, \$100 a ton, and that from each ton of the antimony ore he makes just \$2,580 in gold. The amount of gold he can make in a day depends on the number of furnaces he runs, and as he has four he estimates his output at \$15,000 worth of gold a day.

Yesterday these processes were only begun. A good lot of antimony dust was

number of furnaces he runs, and as he has four he estimates his output at \$15,000 worth of gold a day.

Yesterday these processes were only hegun. A good lot of antimony dust was manufactured and a few bricks pressed. But it will be next Friday before the doors of the volcanic furnace are opened and \$15,000 worth of gold bricks are taken out. However, a volcanic furnace is not necessary for the manufacture of a small piece of gold, and Mr. Brice yesterday, as a compliment to a newspaper reporter, took up a little of his antimony dust, heated it in a stewpan and presented him with a \$15 nugget of silver and gold.

Mr. Brice was cautioned by his visitors yesterday that he was tampering with the foundations of the universe by trying to demonetize gold, but he only smiled. He was also told that he was sawing off the limb he sat on, as he would be pauperized along with the rest. But while he admitted that the days of gold were numbered, he said he hoped to make a lot of it and turn it into something else before the crash would come the instant it was believed that he could make gold out of antimony; but then he said he was safely intrenched behind the public incredulity.

Mr. Brice said his discovery was not to be confounded with the alleged discovery of Dr. Emmons, who tried to sell it to the government, Dr. Emmons' scheme was to make gold out of silver, by pressure. Mr. Brice said he had never offered his discovery to the government, but that he had experienced trouble with the government made before the patents were granted.

Robert W. Hunt, of Robert W. Hunt & Co., yesterday explained the experiment which he conducted last spring for Mr. Brice, He said Mr. Brice got him to try an experiment with antimony which would produce gold, but not in mercantile quantities.

Under Mr. Brice's directions, Mr. Hunt bought a lot of antimony warranted to be

Under Mr. Brice's directions, Mr. Hunt bought a lot of antimony warranted to be chemically pure and made tests of his own which proved it. He then followed Mr. Brice's directions, and the result was a quantity of gold equal to 33 per ton.

Mr. Hunt offered no explanation of the phenomenon, but intimated that he did not believe in Mr. Brice's discovery.

BOSTON MAYORALTY CONTEST. Former Mayor Curtis to Be Nominat-

ed by Republicans and Mayor Quincy by Democrats.

Boston, Nov. 23.-Republican caucuses were held to-day in all the wards, and were held to-day in all the wards, and Former Mayor Curtis carried every one except Ward Twenty, where the result is still in doubt. The Republican municipal convention at which ex-Mayor Curtis will be nominated will be held within a week and as Mayor Quincy is practically sure of receiving the Democratic nomination, the contest between the two condidates will be a repetition of the mayoralty fight of two years ago. The election will take place on December 21.

It is not some Government official who in his private capacity indorses



but it bears the seal of approval of the United States Government.

WEYLER OPPOSES AUTONOMY. CHINA WANTS HELP.

Says the Riches of Cuba Belong to Spain - Defends His Policy.

Barcelona, Nov. 23.-General Weyler, the former captain general of Cuba, arrived fere this morning on board the steamer Montserrat, from Havana. The general landed beneath the Columbus monument at 10 a. m., and was acclaimed by about 20,000 people. In order to escape the manifertation, the general was driven to the house of Deputy Saladrigas, where how ever, he was forced to appear upon the balcony and was applauded by the crowds of people who had gathered about the

house.

The general will remain in Barcelona for two days, and on leaving here will go to Falama, island of Majorica, his birthplace, where the inhabitants have been preparing to give him a hearty welcome home. He will arrive in Madrid about the middle of

General Weyler, addressing a number of his friends shortly after his arrival here, expressed great regret at his recall from Cuba, adding that he was particularly an-noyed at the attitude of certain newspapers which declared he favored the insurgents. which declared he havored the insurgents. Continuing, the general remarked:

"Spanish soldiers, however, have the same contempt for these papers as they have for fillbusters."

Refering to the concentration of the Cut-

ban peasants near the towns of that island. General Weyler explained that he deemed such a step necessary because they were 'spies and the most devoted friends of the In regard to autonomy, the former cap-

tain general of Cuba said:
"Autonomy in Cuba would be most unfortunate for national industry. The riches
of Cuba belong to Spain, and autonomy
means the disappearance of Spanish workmen and complete misery throughout the
island.

"There is as much reason for Catalonia, the Balearic islands and the other prov-inces to ask for autonomy as Cuba."

PINERO'S LATEST PLAY. The Princess and the Butterfly" Is Greeted by an Immense Audience

at Its Initial Performance. New York, Nov. 22 .- Arthur W. Pinero's newest play, "The Princess and the Butterfly," had its first American presentation at the Lyceum theater this evening. It was well received by an audience that filled every chair in the house, applause being

was well received by an audience that filled every chair in the house, applause being liberally bestowed upon the actors and actresses, who included most of the old Lyceum favorites and a number of people new to the house, upon the costumes and upon the work of the scenic artists.

The leading characters were in the hands of Julie Opp. an American, from St. James' theater, London; Mary Mannering, the Lyceum's leading lady; Alison Skitworth, Mrs. Thomas W. Hiffin, J. H. Hackett, Felix Morris and William Courtleigh, all of whom entered heartily into their work. The play has for motive the maxim that "Those who love deep never grow old." The plot is sufficiently intricate to puzzle until nearly the close of the play.

"The Princess and the Eutterity" is not a problem play, as is the most noted of Mr. Pinero's works, "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," but a drama of modern society with what might be regarded as anachronism in the form of a lapse to the duello.

There is, to be sure, a woman whose social status may be judged by the explanation that she was on an occasion seen drinking Burgundy out of a finger bowl; but she is only a lay figure, and drops out of sight after her one brief scene. It is a play with a happy ending for everybody and will, on that account, doubtless become popular for theatergoers who care little for problems and less for tragedy.

GOOD ROADS SCHEMES.

t. Louis Convention Adopts Several Resolutions Looking Toward Highway Improvement.

St. Louis, Nov. 23 .- At to-day's session of he Missouri good roads convention a number of resolutions were adopted askins that the ninety counties in the state which that the ninety counties in the state which are authorized to levy a tax of 60 cents for county purposes be asked to set aside one-third for road improvement requesting the governor to call an extra session of the legislature to consider the question of good roads; recommending that the general assembly make an increase in the appropriation for the state board of charities; asking the submission of a constitutional amendment permitting county courts to increase the tax levy for road purposes, and recommending that the next general assembly appoint a state road commission. At the afternoon session, Judge Stone, of Kansas City, introduced a resolution asking the legislature to revise the revenue law. He declared that if taxes were proplaw. He declared that if taxes

law. He declared that if taxes were properly paid there would be plenty of money for good roads.

Ex-Governor David R. Francis made a short speech, in which he said he was opposed to convict labor where it competed with free labor, but he thought the convicts should be utilized in building good rtads.

victs should be utilized in building good reads.
It was late in the evening before the convention adjourned.
A resolution was adopted requesting the Missouri Road Improvement Association, which meets at Lexington December 9 and 10, to unite with the larger organization, as their aims are similar.
The next convention will be held in St. Louis, subject to call.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Drug-gists refund money if it falls to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet. MISSOURI OFFICESEEKERS.

list of Those Who Have Filed Appli-

cations for Government Positions Recently. Washington, Nov. 23 .- (Special, Among the applicants for office from Missouri are the following: C. J. McLaughlin, Kansas City, position in departments; J. H. Dillon, Hannibal, position in departments; Hon. George Steel, late candidate for congress. Jefferson county, timber inspector; R. P. Sevin, editor Missouri Thalbote, Higgins ville, consul to Rotterdam; F. M. Dodds, Seymour, watchman; Edward H. Thomas, Liberty, special agent, general land office, W. H. Gibbons, Kansas City, position in departments; John G. Wilson, Moberly, postpaster at that point; Captain H. T. Holmes, Jefferson City, postmaster at that point; D. R. Riley, Asbury, postmaster at that point; W. J. Nelson, Kansas City, district attorney, Arizona; William J. Kinmont, Kansas City, United States marshal, Arizona; Thomas M. Smith, Bellaire, receiver land office, Boonville, Mo.; James T. Goul, Powersville, postmaster at that point; Robert Pelham, Hannibal, Indian inspector, Professor William H. Lynch, West Plains, consul to Malta. ville, consul to Rotterdam; F. M. Dodds.

BOUTELL BEATS PERKINS.

Republican Candidate Elected to Congress at a Special Election in Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 23.—At the special election held to-day in the Sixth congressional district for a successor to Edward D. Cooke, deceased, Henry S. Boutell, the. Republican candidate, was elected over Vincent H. Perkins, his Democratic competitor, by \$40 votes, the total vote being, Boutell, 10,294; Perkins, 2,354. Landgren, Populist, received 228, and David, Prohibitionist, 193 votes. At the last congressional election in this district. Cooke, Republican, was elected over Martin, Democrat, by \$5.79, the total vote being, Cooke, 25,723; Martin, 19,144. D. Cooke, deceased, Henry S. Boutell, the

OFFICIAL COUNT IN NEBRASKA Fusion Plurality About 5,000 Less This Year Than It Was in

November, 1896.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 23.-The official count of the election held November 2 was completed this evening. Sullivan, fusion can-didate for supreme judge, received 102,53 votes, and Post, Republican, 89,009. Compared with the vote on governor a year ago, when Holcomb, fusion, received 116,415 and McCall, Republican, 94,724, the Republicans made a large gain. Holcomb, however, ran ahead of his ticket, the average fusion plurality last year being in round numbers 16,000, while this year it is 11,000. is 11,000.

Rome, Nov. 24.—The report is confirmed that the powers have decided to blockade Constantinople in case Turkey refuses to withdraw her troops from Crete and to accept a European governor of the island. A \$20,000 Horse Burned.

Constantinopole to Be Blockaded.

Montreal, Nov. 23.—The stables of Cyrille Laurin were burned to-day together with several valuable horses. Antidote, record 2:1015, valued at \$20,000, was among the num-ber.

APPEALS TO RUSSIA FOR AID IN OUSTING GERMANY.

FEARS PERMANENT OCCUPANCY

BELIEVES GERMANY INTENDS TO HOLD SHAX-TUNG PROMONTORY.

Washington Diplomat Thoroughly Conversant With the Circumstances Says Germany's Alleged Grievance Is a Pretext for a Grab.

Washington, Nov. 23 .- China has appealed o Russia to oust Germany from her territory. According to information which has reached Washington this is the development of the occupation by a German force of a portion of the Shan-Tung peninsula. In view of the fact that the Russian lega-

tion in Pekin is in charge of the secretary, Count Cassini, the minister, having been transferred to this city as the diplomatic representative of Russia, the negotiations the subject are being conducted in St. Petersberg.

It is hoped by Chinese here that the influence exerted by Russia which prevented the rehabilitation of the Turkish navy will be exercised upon Germany with equal success in the matter of her withdrawal from the territory of their government.

Notwithstanding the efforts of the Chinese government to get Germany to name a data when she would withdraw her forces from the Shan-Tung promontory, the latter government has taken no move in the matter and the fear is consequently expressed in Eastern and European diplomatic circles here that her occupation, if not of a permanent character, at this time is simply preliminary to such an end. A diplomat thoroughly conversant with Eastern affairs nade this statement in regard to the land-

ing of the German force: "At the time the landing occurred the Chinese government had already taken neasures to make amends for the murder of the two German missionaries, and, in fact, instructions of this character had obeyed to such an extent that several of the culprits had been placed under arrest. It was also intended to require the people of

was also intended to require the people of the district in which the murder occurred to pay a suitable indemnity.

"These facts had been laid before the German minister in Pekin, who, I may say, is of a very excitable temperament, and his failure to accept the apology and await the result of the efforts of the Chinese government shows that Germany was simply awaiting a pretext to occupy a portion of the territory belonging to the Celestial kingdom. Germany has always been anxious to obtain territory in the far East. Her citizens who have established themselves in China have been especially clamorous that the black, white and red flag should wave over a section of that country, and their government, seeing the opportunity growing out of the murder of the two missionaries, promptly seized it.

"The attitude of the other European governments is of interest. None of the latter desires to see Germany obtain a slice of bastern territory, although it is said that she landed her force after having informed them of her purpose.

"I believe that China's representations to

she landed her force after having informed them of her purpose.
"I believe that China's representations to Russia will result in representations being made by the latter government to the Berlin officials. It will be only in case of pressure, I believe, that Germany will withdraw her troops from the Shan-Tung promontory."

ACCUSED BY A CORPSE.

Australian Nobleman Killed a Deserter to Gain His Superior's Praise.

The old adage that murder will out has once more proved to be true, this time in Galica. From there comes a remarkable story of how science proved an Austrian officer to have been guilty of nurdering a private in his regiment. The private deserted, with intention of coming to this country. He was captured by the searching party, but managed to escape, says the New York Journal.

Three days later the officer who is an experience of the private of the p

ing party, but managed to escape, says the New York Journal.

Three days later the officer, who is said to be a nobleman of high standing and whose name has been kept a secret by the Austrian government, reported that he had shot and killed the deserter. He asserted that he had been out kunting when he came across the fugitive.

"Halt in the name of the emperor!" he declares he cried. Then, according to the story told by the officer, the man ran away, and on being warned twice more the officer fired and killed him.

The following day the officer was called before his regiment and complimented on his bravery, for the fugitive was known to be a desperate character. Visions of a medal flashed across the officer's mind, and everything seemed smooth salling until a physician reported the result of the autopsy.

The doctor found that the bullet which

everything seemed smooth sailing until a physician reported the result of the autopsy.

The doctor found that the bullet which had killed the man had taken a most remarkable course. It had entered the head at the point where the hair begins, near the left temple. It then plowed its way downward and emerged beneath the right clavicle. This exploded the officer's story that he had shot the man from behind, for the position of the body while running would make it an impossibility for the builet to have taken the course described.

The doctor declared that from the wound it was evident that the man had been lying flat on his back when the shot was fired, and that in all probability his hands had been folded beneath the nape of his neck. From this the authorities made the deduction that the deserter had been sleeping when attacked by the officer, whose desire for glory was stronger that his humanity. The officer was arrested and the corpse of the private became his accuser, silent, but backed by the authority of science. A court-martial was held, but the officer stuck to his original story. When faced by the scientists and their evidence he broke down and confessed that he had shot the man while he was sleeping. He was sentenced to life imprisonment.

OWNS 200 TEAPOTS.

Chicago Woman Who Has Collected These China Pleces From the Four Corners of the World.

There is a woman in Chicago who is the There is a woman in Chicago who is the proud possessor of 200 teapots. She isn't a spinster and there isn't a pussy cat about the place. On the other hand, this connoisseur of china pieces for the charmed potation so dear to the feminine heart is a wideawake club woman, Mrs. Helen Crittenden Adams, of Buena Park.

These 200 teapots from the four corners of the world are kept in a large cabinet in the dining room. This room has a border of odd china plates all around the wall near the ceiling, and the windows are appropriately curtained with Delft blue hangings.

appropriately curtained with Delft blue hangings.

In this interesting collection there is every imaginable shape, size and color of teapot, from the round one with a queer little loop of china for a handle—an antique piece picked up in an old junk shop in an Illinois town—to the elegant Satsuma piece which came from a china store in Canton. This latter piece has a broad fluted top and glit streaks down the gorgeously colored sides.

"Phidias," asked Sir Christopher Wren, "do you consider architecture frozen mu-sie?" "Yes-of course I do," replied Phi-dias, "What was the tune of your Parthe-non frieze?" queried Artemus Ward.— Harper's Bazar.

Raggs—"Say, do you believe that story of he goose laying the golden egg?" Jaggs— "Well, it would be just like a gnose to do uch a foolish thing."—Chicago News.

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THE NERVES ARE Robbed BY COFFEE.

Think it over. POSTUM

Makes Red Blood. 0000000000000